

The schedules are distributed and collected through the agency of the rural schools in New Brunswick, Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba and Saskatchewan, while in Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, Alberta and British Columbia the schedules are sent direct to the farmer through the mail.

**Monthly Bulletin of Agricultural Statistics.**—This publication was originally established in 1908 as the "Census and Statistics Monthly", but changed to its present title in April, 1917. It is the official organ not only for the monthly crop reports and annual statistics previously described, but also for statistics of dairying, eggs, fruit, apiculture, hops, tobacco, maple products, sugar beets, beet sugar, flax fibre, clover and grass seeds, visible supplies, prices, values, foreign agriculture and other subjects in considerable variety.

**Census Statistics.**—In addition to the statistics collected annually, which are the subject of this section, valuable information is published following each decennial census of the Dominion and each quinquennial census of the Prairie Provinces. The total number of farms, their tenure, acreage, value, mortgage debt, farm population, farm machinery and facilities, etc., are treated at pp. 295-301 of the 1934-35 Year Book. A summary presentation of agricultural development since 1871 is given at pp. 270-273 of the 1936 Year Book.

In the 1937 edition statistics are presented at pp. 270-273 that show, for the Prairie Provinces, comparative figures of population, farm holdings, areas, and values, the condition of farm land, the numbers of live stock and the acreages of the principal crops, for each of the census years 1911, 1921, 1926, 1931 and 1936. In the Year Book for 1938, a summary table is given showing, by provinces, the part-time farm operators classified by the other occupations that are followed by some or all of the members of families, especially on small farms of insufficient size to furnish a livelihood. The 1940 edition contains a survey of types of farms in the Prairie Provinces made from data collected at the Quinquennial Census of the Prairie Provinces for 1936.

### Subsection 1.—Value of Agricultural Production and of Farm Capital

**Value of Agricultural Production.**—It is important to note that the figures of value of commodities produced on Canadian farms, shown in Table 3, represent gross values, as no distinction is made between crops used as materials for other kinds of production, such as the feeding of live stock, and no allowance is made for the costs of production. The total revenue for 1939 shows an increase of 10.2 p.c. as compared with 1938, which is accounted for largely by increases in the value of field crops and farm animals.

### 3.—Estimated Gross Values of Agricultural Production in Canada, Itemized by Provinces, 1937-39

NOTE.—Figures subject to revision. Preliminary figures for 1940 and revised figures for 1936-39 will be found in the "Monthly Bulletin of Agricultural Statistics", March, 1941.

Province and Item	1937	1938	1939	Province and Item	1937	1938	1939
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<b>Canada—</b>				<b>Canada—concluded</b>			
Field crops.....	556,222	550,069	634,130	Maple products.....	2,245	3,850	3,444
Farm animals.....	140,989	136,846	170,837	Tobacco.....	17,140	20,270	19,248
Wool.....	2,049	1,565	1,688	Flax fibre.....	332	519	1,249
Dairy products.....	215,623	226,155	217,716	Clover and grass seed...	2,344	2,996	2,683
Fruits and vegetables...	41,816	57,095	55,911	Honey and wax.....	2,164	3,057	2,726
Poultry products.....	51,766	53,747	55,483				
Fur farming.....	6,802	6,476	5,828	<b>Totals, Canada.....</b>	<b>1,039,492</b>	<b>1,062,645</b>	<b>1,170,943</b>